

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
for the
Eastern District of Wisconsin

In the Matter of the Search of:

information associated with Frank Sensabaugh's Facebook - user ID "Frank Nitty II" - ID # 100011275926869"

Case No. 16-M-146

APPLICATION FOR A SEARCH WARRANT

I, a federal law enforcement officer or an attorney for the government, request a search warrant and state under penalty of perjury that I have reason to believe that on the following person or property:

See Attachment A

located in the Eastern District of Wisconsin, there is now concealed:

See Attachment B

The basis for the search under Fed. R. Crim P. 41(c) is:

- evidence of a crime;
- contraband, fruits of crime, or other items illegally possessed;
- property designed for use, intended for use, or used in committing a crime;
- a person to be arrested or a person who is unlawfully restrained.

The search is related to violations of: Title 18 U.S.C. 844(i), 18 U.S.C 924(c), and 26 U.S.C. 5861(d), (e) & (f)

The application is based on these facts: See attached affidavit.

Delayed notice of _____ days (give exact ending date if more than 30 days: _____) is requested under 18 U.S.C. § 3103a, the basis of which is set forth on the attached sheet.

Sworn to before me and signed in my presence:

Date: Oct. 20, 2016

Special Agent Andrew Krzeptowski, ATF
Printed Name and Title

John Doe, Esq.
Judge's signature

City and State: Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Honorable David E. Jones, U.S. Magistrate Judge
Printed Name and Title

**AFFIDAVIT IN SUPPORT OF
AN APPLICATION FOR A SEARCH WARRANT**

I, Special Agent Andrew Krzeptowski, being first duly sworn, hereby depose and state as follows:

INTRODUCTION AND AGENT BACKGROUND

1. I make this affidavit in support of an application for a search warrant for information associated with a certain Facebook user ID that is stored at premises owned, maintained, controlled, or operated by Facebook, a social networking company headquartered in Menlo Park, California. The information to be searched is described in the following paragraphs and in Attachment A. This affidavit is made in support of an application for a search warrant under 18 U.S.C. §§ 2703(a), 2703(b)(1)(A) and 2703(c)(1)(A) to require Facebook to disclose to the government records and other information in its possession, pertaining to the subscriber or customer associated with the user ID.

2. I am employed with the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF) and have been so employed since September of 2014. I attended the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center where I completed both the Criminal Investigator Training Program and the ATF Special Agent Basic Training program. My duties as a Special Agent with ATF include investigating alleged violations of the federal firearms, arson, and explosives laws under the purview of the Gun Control Act (as amended) under Title 18 of the United States Code. During the course of my career, I have had in-service trainings regarding the use of social media in relation to criminal

investigations. Specifically, I have received instruction regarding the use of social media sites by criminal elements. Additionally, I have conducted previous criminal investigations in which internet research that I conducted yielded the use of social media by suspects. Specifically, I know from my training and experience that alleged suspects of criminal activity, who have accounts on social media websites, will often communicate their criminal intentions or past activity via "instant message" or "in-box message" on a given social media website. The "instant message" / "in-box message" is a private communication from one user to another. Furthermore, I know through experience that many social media users often use social media websites as their primary means to communicate with others. Additionally, I know from training and experience that suspects who use social media websites sometimes post photographs of themselves possessing incriminating items, such as narcotics and firearms. Also, suspects in criminal investigations have been known to post statements on social websites referencing their own criminal activity.

3. The facts in this affidavit come from my personal observations, my training and experience, and information obtained from other agents and witnesses. This affidavit is intended to show merely that there is sufficient probable cause for the requested warrant and does not set forth all of my knowledge about this matter.

4. Based on my training and experience and the facts as set forth in this affidavit, there is probable cause to believe that Frank D. Sensabaugh (B/M DOB: 05/10/1981) has in his possession evidence of crimes committed in violations of Title 18

U.S.C. 844(i) (Arson of Property in Interstate Commerce), 18 U.S.C 924(c) (use of a Molotov Cocktail to commit a federal arson crime), and 26 U.S.C. 5861(d), (e) & (f), (possess, transfer or making a firearm not registered in the National Firearms Registration and Transfer Record). There is also probable cause to search the information described in Attachment A for evidence of these crimes, as described in Attachment B.

IDENTIFICATION OF ITEMS TO BE SEARCHED

5. The Facebook pages belonging to "Frank Nitty II" - ID # 100011275926869, herein described as a personal website that is accessed with a username and password specific only to that page and further described in Attachment A. The following two Facebook Page URLs, Facebook Usernames, and associated Facebook Identifications Numbers: The applied-for warrant would authorize the search and recovery of evidence particularly described in Attachment B.

PROBABLE CAUSE

Case Background

6. On August 13, 2016, at about 8:45pm, several unknown subjects maliciously set fire to a Milwaukee Police Department (MPD) unmarked squad car (2005 Chevy Impala black 4 door bearing WI auto plate #740-JYE, VIN #2G1WF55K059378485) at 3205 North Sherman Blvd. in the city and county of Milwaukee, WI. This act caused over \$10,000 dollars in loss and damage.

7. On August 13, 2016, at about 9:40pm, several unknown subjects were involved in property damage, burglary, and malicious use of fire at the BP Gas Station located at 3114 North Sherman Blvd. in the city and county of Milwaukee, WI. This act caused over \$1,000,000 in damage. At all times material to probable cause, the BP Gas Station was a commercial business engaged in and affecting interstate commerce. Through investigation, it was determined that the BP Gas Station fire was intentionally set and that the arson caused damage to the gas station.

8. On August 14, 2016, at approximately 1:10am several Milwaukee Police Department (MPD) officers responded to the area of 3500 W. Fond Du Lac in regards to the aforementioned incidents. A subject who incited violence was identified as Frank D. Sensabaugh. Police on scene arrested Sensabaugh.

Charles N. Edwards Molotov Cocktail Investigation

9. On August 23, 2016, ATF was contacted regarding suspected Improvised Incendiary Devices (IID) located within a dumpster at 3284 N. Sherman Blvd., Milwaukee. ATF Special Agents traveled to the above location and discovered a brown cardboard box holding multiple glass bottles containing a liquid with cloth rags inserted into the openings. The responding agents smelled a strong odor of a petroleum distillate emanating from the dumpster, which is consistent with the presence of gasoline. From training and experience, the agents identified these devices as "Molotov cocktails". Some of the glass bottles holding the liquid and cloth wicks were labeled as Mike's Hard Lemonade, Everfresh Juice, Mystic, and Seagram's Wine Coolers.

10. On August 29, 2016, law enforcement conducted a search warrant at the residence of Van L. Mayes, which was located at 2746A N. 49th Street, Milwaukee. Law enforcement agents observed a full bottle of a Seagram's Wine Cooler and one empty bottle of Everfresh Juice. These bottles were consistent with the types of bottles used in the construction of the Molotov cocktails recovered by law enforcement on August 23, 2016, from the dumpster located at 3284 N. Sherman Blvd., Milwaukee. During the search warrant, Mayes told law enforcement agents that he transported two gasoline cans and Seagram's Wine Cooler bottles to a man named "Charles" who uses a wheelchair and resides around Sherman Blvd., Milwaukee. Mayes further stated that he left the two cans of gasoline at Charles' residence.

11. Affiant verified that Charles N. Edward currently uses a wheelchair and resides at 3284 N. Sherman Blvd. Apt.#2, Milwaukee.

12. On August 30, 2016, Milwaukee County Judge Timothy Witkowiak signed a search warrant for Charles N. Edwards' residence located at 3284 N. Sherman Boulevard Apartment #2, Milwaukee, to search for evidence of narcotics and guns.

13. During the search of Charles N. Edwards' residence on August 30, 2016, law enforcement agents located two empty gas cans inside of a bedroom; a gas can nozzle within the apartment's yard; and bottle caps in the yard that were consistent with the types of bottles used to construct the Molotov cocktails that were recovered on August 23, 2016.

14. An inquiry into the National Firearm Registration and Transfer Record revealed that Charles N. Edwards was not of record.

15. An inquiry into the criminal history of Charles N. Edwards shows in 1998 he was convicted of a felony burglary, and the conviction is unreversed.

BP Gas Station Arson Investigation

20. Information was developed through the course of the investigation that led to the arrest of a juvenile, A.T. On September 14, 2016, A.T. stated was questioned by law enforcement agents. A.T. stated that he was at the BP Gas Station, located at 3114 N. Sherman Blvd., Milwaukee, on the evening of August 13, 2016. A.T. explained that he threw a Molotov cocktail onto a car, which was parked in the BP Gas Station parking lot. A.T. stated that this action caused the car to start on fire. A.T. described the Molotov cocktail as a "bottle with fire in them". A.T. further stated that he was given the Molotov cocktail by another juvenile, R.M. A.T. stated that on August 13, 2016, R.M. threw a Molotov cocktail into the rear door of the BP Gas Station which ignited the storage room. A.T. stated that R.M. got several Molotov cocktails from Charles Edwards, a man who is in a wheelchair A.T. identified Edwards through a phot. A.T. stated that R.M. told him that Edwards had numerous Molotov cocktails in a bag that was on his wheelchair. When asked about the identity of the adults, A.T. stated that amongst others, "Frank Nitty" was on scene with (3) Molotov Cocktails and was passing them out to kids A.T.'s age, as well as looting the gas station. A.T. positively identified Frank Nitty, via photo array, as Frank D. Sensabaugh.

21. An inquiry into the National Firearm Registration and Transfer Record revealed that Frank D. Sensabaugh was not of record.

22. On August 14, 2016, MPD Police Officer Brian P. Maciejewski received a phone call from an individual, S.B, who identified himself/herself through name and date of birth. S.B. informed Officer Maciejewski that he/she is a resident of the city of Milwaukee and wanted to provide information related to the riots on August 13, 2016. S.B. informed Officer Maciejewski that he/she believes the individual responsible for inciting the looting and riots is an individual who goes by Frank Nitty II on his Facebook account. S.B. informed Officer Maciejewski that he/she was not on scene during the incident but did review Sensabaugh's Facebook account which had multiple live streaming videos catching Sensabaugh making threats to police officers which in turn incited the younger black males to riot and vandalize the city.

23. On August 14, 2016, MPD PO Brian Maciejewski conducted a custodial interview of Frank D. Sensabaugh. Sensabaugh informed the officer that he has three Facebook accounts, "Frank Nitty II", "Frank Nitty" and "Frank Sensabaugh." Sensabaugh stated he utilized Facebook from August 13, 2016 through August 14, 2016, and during this time he "live streamed" on Facebook (posted live videos onto Facebook) a total of twelve times to his "Frank Nitty II" account. Sensabaugh stated he observed subjects damage a marked MPD squad car and set an MPD detective's vehicle on fire.

24. Prior to interviewing Sensabaugh, Officer Maciejewski reviewed Sensabaugh's "Frank Nitty II" Facebook account. Officer Maciejewski observed numerous recordings depicting individuals committing acts of violence and destruction, to include footage showing the arson of a police vehicle and arson of the BP Gas Station located at 3114 N. Sherman Blvd. Officer Maciejewski preserved Sensabaugh's "Frank Nitty II" Facebook account.

25. On October 11, 2016, ATF Agents reviewed Sensabaugh's "Frank Nitty II" Facebook account. On September 13, 2016 at 11:34pm, Sensabaugh streamed, onto his Facebook account "Frank Nitty II", a video capturing footage of the aftermath of the civil unrest and arsons at the 3600 block of Fond Du Lac in Milwaukee. During the video Sensabaugh is heard speaking about the arsons and rioting. ATF Agents were not able to view the other eleven videos Sensabaugh posted onto his "Frank Nitty II" account, possibly do to Sensabaugh's deletion of those videos.

26. Your Affiant reviewed publicly viewable content associated with the above Facebook account 100011275926869 with listed the User ID as "Frank Nitty II". The affiant is able to identify Sensabaugh through images associated with this account.

27. Affiant believes additional information relevant to the BP Gas Station arson and other crimes related to arson and creating Molotov cocktails is housed within the Facebook account 100011275926869 with listed the User ID as "Frank Nitty II". Additional relevant information includes pictures, text, and geographic information that will assist in identifying the Big Jim's arson suspects.

FACEBOOK INFORMATION

28. Facebook owns and operates a free-access social networking website of the same name that can be accessed at <http://www.facebook.com>. Facebook allows its users to establish accounts with Facebook, and users can then use their accounts to share written news, photographs, videos, and other information with other Facebook users, and sometimes with the general public.

29. Facebook asks users to provide basic contact and personal identifying information to Facebook, either during the registration process or thereafter. This information may include the user's full name, birth date, gender, contact e-mail addresses, Facebook passwords, Facebook security questions and answers (for password retrieval), physical address (including city, state, and zip code), telephone numbers, screen names, websites, and other personal identifiers. Facebook also assigns a user identification number to each account.

30. Facebook users may join one or more groups or networks to connect and interact with other users who are members of the same group or network. Facebook assigns a group identification number to each group. A Facebook user can also connect directly with individual Facebook users by sending each user a "Friend Request." If the recipient of a "Friend Request" accepts the request, then the two users will become "Friends" for purposes of Facebook and can exchange communications or view information about each other. Each Facebook user's account includes a list of that

user's "Friends" and a "News Feed," which highlights information about the user's "Friends," such as profile changes, upcoming events, and birthdays.

31. Facebook users can select different levels of privacy for the communications and information associated with their Facebook accounts. By adjusting these privacy settings, a Facebook user can make information available only to himself or herself, to particular Facebook users, or to anyone with access to the Internet, including people who are not Facebook users. A Facebook user can also create "lists" of Facebook friends to facilitate the application of these privacy settings. Facebook accounts also include other account settings that users can adjust to control, for example, the types of notifications they receive from Facebook.

32. Facebook users can create profiles that include photographs, lists of personal interests, and other information. Facebook users can also post "status" updates about their whereabouts and actions, as well as links to videos, photographs, articles, and other items available elsewhere on the Internet. Facebook users can also post information about upcoming "events," such as social occasions, by listing the event's time, location, host, and guest list. In addition, Facebook users can "check in" to particular locations or add their geographic locations to their Facebook posts, thereby revealing their geographic locations at particular dates and times. A particular user's profile page also includes a "Wall," which is a space where the user and his or her "Friends" can post messages, attachments, and links that will typically be visible to anyone who can view the user's profile.

33. Facebook allows users to upload photos and videos, which may include any metadata such as location that the user transmitted when s/he uploaded the photo or video. It also provides users the ability to “tag” (i.e., label) other Facebook users in a photo or video. When a user is tagged in a photo or video, he or she receives a notification of the tag and a link to see the photo or video. For Facebook’s purposes, the photos and videos associated with a user’s account will include all photos and videos uploaded by that user that have not been deleted, as well as all photos and videos uploaded by any user that have that user tagged in them.

34. Facebook users can exchange private messages on Facebook with other users. These messages, which are similar to e-mail messages, are sent to the recipient’s “Inbox” on Facebook, which also stores copies of messages sent by the recipient, as well as other information. Facebook users can also post comments on the Facebook profiles of other users or on their own profiles; such comments are typically associated with a specific posting or item on the profile. In addition, Facebook has a Chat feature that allows users to send and receive instant messages through Facebook. These chat communications are stored in the chat history for the account. Facebook also has a Video Calling feature, and although Facebook does not record the calls themselves, it does keep records of the date of each call.

35. If a Facebook user does not want to interact with another user on Facebook, the first user can “block” the second user from seeing his or her account.

36. Facebook has a “like” feature that allows users to give positive feedback or connect to particular pages. Facebook users can “like” Facebook posts or updates, as well as webpages or content on third-party (*i.e.*, non-Facebook) websites. Facebook users can also become “fans” of particular Facebook pages.

37. Facebook has a search function that enables its users to search Facebook for keywords, usernames, or pages, among other things.

38. Each Facebook account has an activity log, which is a list of the user’s posts and other Facebook activities from the inception of the account to the present. The activity log includes stories and photos that the user has been tagged in, as well as connections made through the account, such as “liking” a Facebook page or adding someone as a friend. The activity log is visible to the user but cannot be viewed by people who visit the user’s Facebook page.

39. Facebook Notes is a blogging feature available to Facebook users, and it enables users to write and post notes or personal web logs (“blogs”), or to import their blogs from other services, such as Xanga, LiveJournal, and Blogger.

40. The Facebook Gifts feature allows users to send virtual “gifts” to their friends that appear as icons on the recipient’s profile page. Gifts cost money to purchase, and a personalized message can be attached to each gift. Facebook users can also send each other “pokes,” which are free and simply result in a notification to the recipient that he or she has been “poked” by the sender.

41. Facebook also has a Marketplace feature, which allows users to post free classified ads. Users can post items for sale, housing, jobs, and other items on the Marketplace.

42. In addition to the applications described above, Facebook also provides its users with access to thousands of other applications ("apps") on the Facebook platform. When a Facebook user accesses or uses one of these applications, an update about that the user's access or use of that application may appear on the user's profile page.

43. Some Facebook pages are affiliated with groups of users, rather than one individual user. Membership in the group is monitored and regulated by the administrator or head of the group, who can invite new members and reject or accept requests by users to enter. Facebook can identify all users who are currently registered to a particular group and can identify the administrator and/or creator of the group. Facebook uses the term "Group Contact Info" to describe the contact information for the group's creator and/or administrator, as well as a PDF of the current status of the group profile page.

44. Facebook uses the term "Neoprint" to describe an expanded view of a given user profile. The "Neoprint" for a given user can include the following information from the user's profile: profile contact information; News Feed information; status updates; links to videos, photographs, articles, and other items; Notes; Wall postings; friend lists, including the friends' Facebook user identification numbers; groups and networks of which the user is a member, including the groups'

Facebook group identification numbers; future and past event postings; rejected “Friend” requests; comments; gifts; pokes; tags; and information about the user’s access and use of Facebook applications.

45. Facebook also retains Internet Protocol (“IP”) logs for a given user ID or IP address. These logs may contain information about the actions taken by the user ID or IP address on Facebook, including information about the type of action, the date and time of the action, and the user ID and IP address associated with the action. For example, if a user views a Facebook profile, that user’s IP log would reflect the fact that the user viewed the profile, and would show when and from what IP address the user did so.

46. Social networking providers like Facebook typically retain additional information about their users’ accounts, such as information about the length of service (including start date), the types of service utilized, and the means and source of any payments associated with the service (including any credit card or bank account number). In some cases, Facebook users may communicate directly with Facebook about issues relating to their accounts, such as technical problems, billing inquiries, or complaints from other users. Social networking providers like Facebook typically retain records about such communications, including records of contacts between the user and the provider’s support services, as well as records of any actions taken by the provider or user as a result of the communications.

47. As explained herein, information stored in connection with a Facebook account may provide crucial evidence of the “who, what, why, when, where, and how” of the criminal conduct under investigation, thus enabling the United States to establish and prove each element or alternatively, to exclude the innocent from further suspicion. In my training and experience, a Facebook user’s “Neoprint,” IP log, stored electronic communications, and other data retained by Facebook, can indicate who has used or controlled the Facebook account. This “user attribution” evidence is analogous to the search for “indicia of occupancy” while executing a search warrant at a residence. For example, profile contact information, private messaging logs, status updates, and tagged photos (and the data associated with the foregoing, such as date and time) may be evidence of who used or controlled the Facebook account at a relevant time. Further, Facebook account activity can show how and when the account was accessed or used. For example, as described herein, Facebook logs the Internet Protocol (IP) addresses from which users access their accounts along with the time and date. By determining the physical location associated with the logged IP addresses, investigators can understand the chronological and geographic context of the account access and use relating to the crime under investigation. Such information allows investigators to understand the geographic and chronological context of Facebook access, use, and events relating to the crime under investigation. Additionally, Facebook builds geo-location into some of its services. Geo-location allows, for example, users to “tag” their location in posts and Facebook “friends” to locate each other. This geographic and

timeline information may tend to either inculpate or exculpate the Facebook account owner. Last, Facebook account activity may provide relevant insight into the Facebook account owner's state of mind as it relates to the offense under investigation. For example, information on the Facebook account may indicate the owner's motive and intent to commit a crime (e.g., information indicating a plan to commit a crime), or consciousness of guilt (e.g., deleting account information in an effort to conceal evidence from law enforcement).

48. Therefore, the computers of Facebook are likely to contain all the material described above, including stored electronic communications and information concerning subscribers and their use of Facebook, such as account access information, transaction information, and other account information.

INFORMATION TO BE SEARCHED AND THINGS TO BE SEIZED

49. I anticipate executing this warrant under the Electronic Communications Privacy Act, in particular 18 U.S.C. §§ 2703(a), 2703(b)(1)(A) and 2703(c)(1)(A), by using the warrant to require Facebook to disclose to the government copies of the records and other information (including the content of communications) particularly described in Section I of Attachment B. Upon receipt of the information described in Section I of Attachment B, government-authorized persons will review that information to locate the items described in Section II of Attachment B.

CONCLUSION

50. Based on the forgoing, I request that the Court issue the proposed search warrant.

51. This Court has jurisdiction to issue the requested warrant because it is "a court of competent jurisdiction" as defined by 18 U.S.C. § 2711. 18 U.S.C. §§ 2703(a), (b)(1)(A) & (c)(1)(A). Specifically, the Court of the Eastern District of Wisconsin is a district court of the United States that has jurisdiction over the offense(s) being investigated, 18 U.S.C. § 2711(3)(A)(i).] Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 2703(g), the presence of a law enforcement officer is not required for the service or execution of this warrant.

ATTACHMENT A

Property to Be Searched

This warrant applies to information between August 13, 2016 and the present date associated with Frank Sensabaugh's Facebook user ID "Frank Nitty II" - ID # 100011275926869" that is stored at premises owned, maintained, controlled, or operated by Facebook, a company headquartered in Menlo Park, California.

ATTACHMENT B

Particular Things to be Seized

I. Information to be disclosed by Facebook

To the extent that the information described in Attachment A is within the possession, custody, or control of Facebook, including any messages, records, files, logs, or information that have been deleted but are still available to Facebook, or have been preserved pursuant to a request made under 18 U.S.C. § 2703(f), Facebook is required to disclose the following information to the government for each user ID listed in Attachment A:

- a. All contact and personal identifying information, including: full name, user identification number, birth date, gender, contact e-mail addresses, Facebook passwords, Facebook security questions and answers, physical address (including city, state, and zip code), telephone numbers, screen names, websites, and other personal identifiers.
- b. All activity logs for the account and all other documents showing the user's posts and other Facebook activities;
- c. All photos uploaded by that user ID and all photos uploaded by any user that have that user tagged in them;
- d. All profile information; News Feed information; status updates; links to videos, photographs, articles, and other items; Notes; Wall postings; friend lists, including the friends' Facebook user identification numbers; groups and networks of which the user is a member, including the

groups' Facebook group identification numbers; future and past event postings; rejected "Friend" requests; comments; gifts; pokes; tags; and information about the user's access and use of Facebook applications;

- e. All other records of communications and messages made or received by the user, including all private messages, chat history, video calling history, and pending "Friend" requests;
- f. All "check ins" and other location information;
- g. All IP logs, including all records of the IP addresses that logged into the account;
- h. All records of the account's usage of the "Like" feature, including all Facebook posts and all non-Facebook webpages and content that the user has "liked";
- i. All information about the Facebook pages that the account is or was a "fan" of;
- j. All past and present lists of friends created by the account;
- k. All records of Facebook searches performed by the account;
- l. All information about the user's access and use of Facebook Marketplace;
- m. The types of service utilized by the user;
- n. The length of service (including start date) and the means and source of any payments associated with the service (including any credit card or bank account number);

- o. All privacy settings and other account settings, including privacy settings for individual Facebook posts and activities, and all records showing which Facebook users have been blocked by the account;
- p. All records pertaining to communications between Facebook and any person regarding the user or the user's Facebook account, including contacts with support services and records of actions taken.

II. Information to be seized by the government

All information described above in Section I that constitutes fruits, evidence and instrumentalities of violations of Title 18 U.S.C. 844(i) (arson of property in interstate commerce), 18 U.S.C 924(c) (use of a Molotov Cocktail to commit a federal arson crime), and 26 U.S.C. 5861(d), (e) & (f), (possess, transfer or making a firearm not registered in the National Firearms Registration and Transfer Record) since August 12, 2016 for each user ID identified on Attachment A, information pertaining to the following matters:

- (a) The relevant offense conduct, any preparatory steps taken in furtherance of the scheme, communications between Sensabaugh and others related to the relevant offense conduct of commercial arson, possessing or making Molotov cocktails, and possessing Molotov cocktails while committing a crime of violence.
- (b) Evidence indicating how and when the Facebook account was accessed or used, to determine the chronological and geographic context of account

access, use, and events relating to the crime under investigation and to the Facebook account owner;

- (c) Evidence indicating the Facebook account owner's state of mind as it relates to the crime under investigation;
- (d) The identity of the person(s) who created or used the user ID, including records that help reveal the whereabouts of such person(s).
- (e) The identity of the person(s) who communicated with the user ID about matters relating to relevant offense conduct of commercial arson, possessing or making Molotov cocktails, and possessing Molotov cocktails while committing a crime of violence, including records that help reveal their whereabouts.

**CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICITY OF DOMESTIC BUSINESS
RECORDS PURSUANT TO FEDERAL RULE OF EVIDENCE 902(11)**

I, _____, attest, under penalties of perjury under the laws of the United States of America pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, that the information contained in this declaration is true and correct. I am employed by Facebook, and my official title is _____. I am a custodian of records for Facebook. I state that each of the records attached hereto is the original record or a true duplicate of the original record in the custody of Facebook, and that I am the custodian of the attached records consisting of _____ (pages/CDs/kilobytes). I further state that:

- a. all records attached to this certificate were made at or near the time of the occurrence of the matter set forth, by, or from information transmitted by, a person with knowledge of those matters;
- b. such records were kept in the ordinary course of a regularly conducted business activity of Facebook; and
- c. such records were made by Facebook as a regular practice.

I further state that this certification is intended to satisfy Rule 902(11) of the Federal Rules of Evidence.

Date

Signature